

SFB 767

Colloquium

Universität
Konstanz



11 Jan 2018
Coffee and tea 15:15
Talk 15:30
P 603



Dr. Scott Bender
Utrecht University

Spin transport through antiferromagnetic insulators

Antiferromagnets are fast becoming popular materials in spintronics. Unlike ferromagnets, however, they typically require high magnetic fields or an additional magnetic layer in order to support a spin current. In this talk, we discuss two possible methods to generate spin transport via thermally generated magnons in electrically insulating antiferromagnet/normal metal heterostructures that do not require fields or ferromagnets. First, we show that breaking of the magnetic sublattice symmetry at the metal interface gives rise to a spin Seebeck effect that survives at zero field. Second, the presence of spin-orbit coupling in the normal metals allows for the generation by an electric current of a spin accumulation, which is carried into the antiferromagnet by magnons; we predict a strong enhancement of the corresponding spin conductance as the magnetic field is swept through the spin-flop transition.

Contact:
W. Belzig, 4782



sfb767.uni.kn